The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- (original) A method of protecting an exposed copper surface of a partially fabricated IC from oxidation during exposure to an oxygen-containing environment, the method comprising: contacting the exposed copper surface with a metallocene compound; and contacting the exposed copper surface with the oxygen-containing environment, whereby exposure to the metallocene compound minimizes formation of copper oxide on the exposed copper surface.
- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the metallocene contains a metal selected from the group consisting of ruthenium, cobalt, nickel, iron, palladium, platinum, titanium, chromium, osmium, manganese, and cobalt.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the metallocene is ruthenocene.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein contacting the exposed copper surface with a metallocene compound comprises flowing a gas containing metallocene over the partially fabricated IC.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein contacting the exposed copper surface with the oxygen-containing environment comprises contacting the exposed copper surface with a compound that forms a solid phase layer on the partially fabricated IC.
- [[5a.]] <u>6.</u> (currently amended) The method of claim 5, wherein the compound is a precursor compound that reacts with an oxygen-containing species to form the solid phase layer.
- [[6.]] 7. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein contacting the exposed copper surface with the oxygen-containing environment comprises contacting the exposed copper surface with a diffusion barrier precursor, which reacts with an oxygen-containing species to form a barrier layer on the partially fabricated IC.
- [[7.]] <u>8.</u> (currently amended) The method of claim [[6]] <u>7</u>, wherein the oxygen-containing species is molecular oxygen.
- [[8.]] 9. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein contacting the exposed copper surface with the oxygen-containing environment comprises contacting the exposed

copper surface with an etch stop precursor, which reacts with an oxygen-containing species to form an etch stop layer on the partially fabricated IC.

[[9.]] 10. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein contacting the exposed copper surface with the oxygen-containing environment comprises contacting the exposed copper with the ambient or other oxygen-containing environment during storage or transport between processing modules.

[[10.]] 11. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the exposed copper surface comprises a copper seed layer on the partially fabricated IC.

[[11.]] 12. (currently amended) A method of passivating and using an exposed copper surface of a partially fabricated IC, the method comprising:

contacting the exposed copper surface with a metallocene compound to thereby passivate the surface; and

depositing a layer of material on the partially fabricated IC using an oxygen-containing deposition chemistry.

[[12.]] 13. (currently amended) The method of claim [[11]] 12 further comprising performing the contacting and depositing step in a single chamber.

[[13.]] 14. (currently amended) The method of claim [[11]] 12 wherein the depositing is conducted using the metallocene compound as a chemical precursor to the material.

[[14.]] 15. (currently amended) The method of claim [[11]] 12 wherein the contacting and depositing operations are done concurrently.

[[15.]] 16. (currently amended) The method of claim [[11]] 12, wherein the metallocene is contains a metal selected from the group consisting of ruthenium, cobalt, nickel, iron, palladium, platinum, titanium, chromium, osmium, manganese, and cobalt.

[[16.]] 17. (currently amended) The method of claim [[11]] 12, wherein the metallocene is ruthenocene.

[[17.]] 18. (currently amended) The method of claim [[11]] 12, wherein contacting the exposed copper surface with a metallocene compound comprises flowing a gas containing metallocene over partially fabricated IC.

- [[18.]] 19. (currently amended) The method of claim [[11]] 12, wherein the depositing of a layer of material comprises contacting the exposed copper surface with a compound that forms a solid phase layer on the partially fabricated IC.
- [[19.]] 20. (currently amended) The method of claim [[11]] 12, wherein the depositing of a layer of material comprises contacting the exposed copper surface with a diffusion barrier precursor, which reacts with an oxygen-containing species to form a barrier layer on the partially fabricated IC.
- [[20.]] 21. (currently amended) The method of claim [[19]] 20, wherein the oxygen-containing species is molecular oxygen.
- [[21.]] 22. (currently amended) The method of claim [[11]] 12, wherein depositing a layer of material comprises contacting the exposed copper surface with an etch stop precursor, which reacts with an oxygen-containing species to form an etch stop layer on the partially fabricated IC.
- [[22.]] 23. (currently amended) The method of claim [[11]] 12, wherein the exposed copper surface comprises a copper seed layer on the partially fabricated IC.